





A versatile flow meter for oil, heavy oil and many other oil-like liquids. It is used for efficient consumption measurement of heat burners and various combustion engines. A reliable solution for any application where oil is consumed.

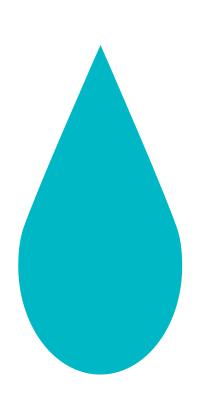


#### **Features:**

- Electronic counter, mass flow, volume flow indication, multiple output signals
- >> Integrated temperature sensor
- » No straight inlets or outlets required
- » Independent of viscosity and temperature
- >>> High vibration resistance
- >> Optional: metrological type approval
- Automatic medium switch based on temperature

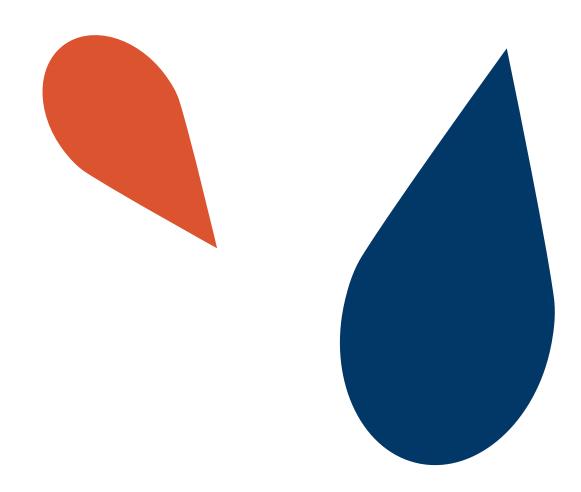
### **Benefits:**

- >> Mass flow measurements
- Highly flexible mounting with very small space requirements
- Reliable monitoring and flexible control of the system
- >> Accurate measurements
- A reliable solution with everything from a single supplier
- Simplifies consumption optimizing



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# INTRODUCTION

Thank you for your decision to work with Aquametro Oil & Marine Fuel Measurement Products. This technical specification describes the installation, commissioning and use of CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> fuel oil meters. For additional information please contact your local sales agent at: **www.aquametro-oil-marine.com**.

### **Liability Disclaimer**

The manufacturer cannot monitor the compliance to this manual as well as the conditions and methods during the installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the system regulator. Improper installation can cause damage and endanger people. Therefore, we assume no responsibility and liability for losses, damage or costs that result due to incorrect installation, improper operation, usage and maintenance or in any manner associated therewith. Similarly, we assume no responsibility for patent right or other right infringements of third parties caused by usage of this system regulator. The manufacturer reserves the right, without prior notification, to make modifications concerning the product, technical data or installation and operating manual.

### **Safety precautions**

CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> fuel oil meters must only be used for their intended purpose and comply with local and international safety regulations. All documentation is to be followed exactly. None of the information stated here or elsewhere releases planners, installers and operators from their own careful and comprehensive assessment of the respective plant configuration in terms of functional capability and operational safety.

- >>> Local applicable working regulations must be complied with, during all work on the plant and / or ship.
- >> All safety, installation and operation instructions as described in this manual must be followed.



## **OPERATING PRINCIPLE** Function

CONTOIL® fuel oil meters work on the volumetric principle of rotary piston meters (positive displacement meters). The main features of this measuring principle are large measuring ranges, high accuracy, suitability for high viscosities and independence from power supply. Flow disturbances do not influence proper operation.









Leading manufacturers of oil burners and operators of heating systems, ships or diesel engines rely on CONTOIL® fuel oil meters - and with good reasons.

#### **Advantages:**

- >> Optimal solution for every application
- ✗ Mass flow measurement
- Integrated temperature sensor
- >> Simple burner setting with flow rate display
- Simple consumption monitoring with limiting value switch Qmin / Qmax
- Manual dosing feature, with a resettable counter
- Can be mounted on the pressure or suction side of a pump
- Space saving installation, because no straight inlet / outlet sections are required
- Flexible mounting of the meter in horizontal, vertical or inclined positions
- Accurate measurement result, since the reading is independent of the temperature and viscosity of the fluid
- Minimum failure costs due to simple function monitoring, rapid fault analysis and the possibility of simple repairs on site

### Areas of application:

- To measure fuel consumption of oil burners (e. g. in heating boilers, industrial furnaces, refinery plants)
- Consumption monitoring and optimization (ships, generators, etc.)
- >>>> Flow measurement for mineral oils
- Optional remote processing and integration into superior systems
- Manual dosing / filling / batch processing

### **Fuel types:**

- >> Fluids according to ISO 8217-2010
- Heating fuel extra light / light, medium, heavy, fuel blends
- ✗ Naphtha
- Lubricating liquids (oils)

## **PRODUCT RANGE**

### CONTOIL® fuel oil meters DN 15 - 50

### Hydraulic

### CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> one hydraulic with multiple combination possibilities (read-out options)

Housing with threaded (RC) or flanged (FL) connection

### Main characteristics:

- > Optimal flow range 20 30 000 l/h
- ✗ Temperature ranges 130 and 180 ℃
- Nominal pressure PN 16 and 25 bar (PN 40 on request)

### For more information, see page 12

### Electronic read out

CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZF/A II with multifunctional display and adjustable outputs

### Output signals for electronic display:

- ✗ Actual flow rate and mass flow
- Temperature display
- >>> Limiting values (Qmin, Qmax)
- External power supply (4 - 20 mA 2 wire current loop)
- >>> Simple to operate

### For more information, see page 14

### Mechanical read out CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZO/A total volume display Total volume display on roller counter

For more information, see page 16







### Mechanical read out with pulse CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZO/A RV/IN total volume display and remote transmission

Total volume display on roller counter with ➤ Reed pulse (RV) for remote totalization ➤ Inductive pulse (IN) for control purposes

### For more information, see page 16

**Blind unit with pulse output CONTOIL® DFM compact design for remote display transmission** Pulse value for remote totalizing

For more information, see page 18

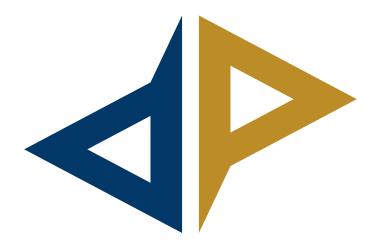
**CONTOIL® CE MID 2014/32/EU for verified applications where an approved measurement system is required** Conformity approved read out

For more information, see page 20





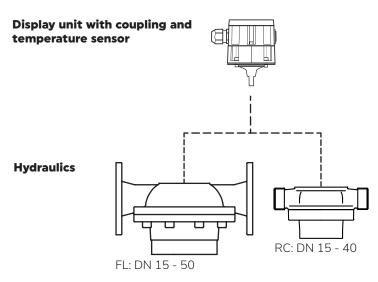




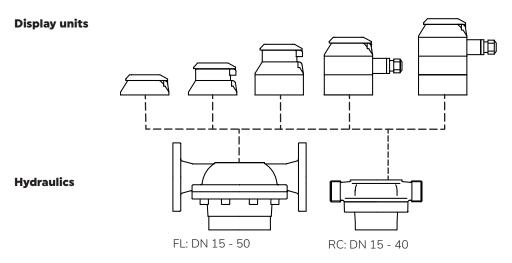
## **CONTOIL® FLEXIBILITY**

Combination possibilities of hydraulic and readout units

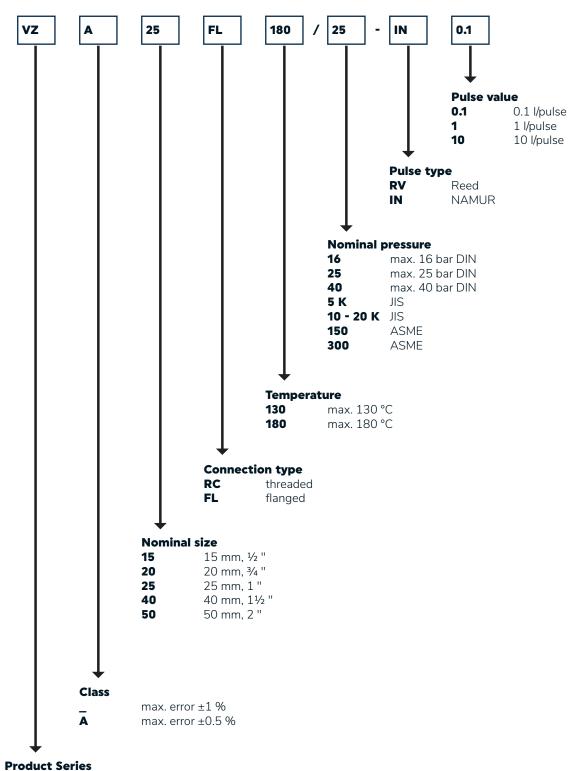
Local electronical display with multiple output

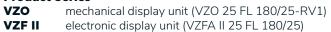


### Local mechanical display with or without pulse output





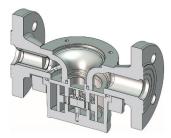






## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parts





Inlet safety filter

Housing (no spare part)

Gasket big

Gasket small Measuring chamber cover

Separating plate

Driver

Rotary piston

Guide roller

Measuring chamber

Measuring chamber flange

Screws

### Technical data CONTOIL® DN 15 - 50 Hydraulic



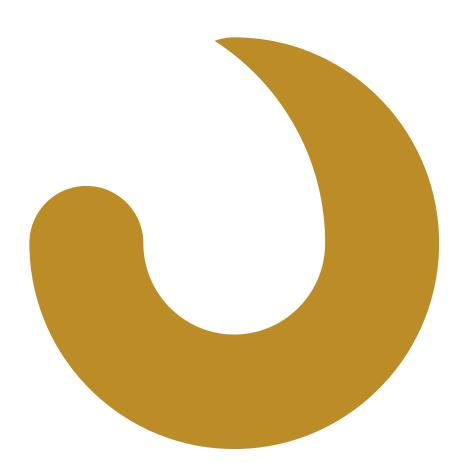
| Hydraulic   |                       |                 | Meter DN size               |        |        |                               |        |  |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Nominal diameter                                      |                       | DN mm           | 15                          | 20     | 25     | 40                            | 50     |  |
|   |                       | inch            | <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 3/4    | 1      | 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 2      |  |
| Installation length                                   |                       | mm              | 165                         | 165    | 190    | 300                           | 350    |  |
| Nominal pressure threaded ends                        | PN                    | bar             | 16                          | 16     | 16     | 16                            | N/A    |  |
| Nominal pressure flanges                              | PN                    | bar             | 25/40                       | 25/40  | 25/40  | 25/40                         | 25/40  |  |
| Maximum flow rate                                     | $Q_{\text{max}^{1)}}$ | l/h             | 600                         | 1500   | 3000   | 9000                          | 30000  |  |
| Continuous flow rate                                  | Qcont <sup>2)</sup>   | l/h             | 400                         | 1000   | 2000   | 6000                          | 20000  |  |
| Minimum flow rate                                     | Qmin                  | l/h             | 20                          | 40     | 75     | 225                           | 750    |  |
| Approx. starting flow rate                            |                       | l/h             | 4                           | 12     | 30     | 90                            | 300    |  |
| Max. permissible error of acutal value <sup>1</sup> ) | VZF II, VZ            | ZO, DFM         | ±1.0 %                      | ±1.0 % | ±1.0 % | ±1.0 %                        | ±1.0 % |  |
|   | VZFA II, V            | VZOA            | ±0.5 %                      | ±0.5 % | ±0.5 % | ±0.5 %                        | ±0.5 % |  |
|   | VZFA II li            | nearized        | ±0.3 %                      | ±0.3 % | ±0.3 % | ±0.3 %                        | ±0.3 % |  |
| Repeatability   |                       |                 | ±0.1 %                      | ±0.1 % | ±0.1 % | ±0.1 %                        | ±0.1 % |  |
| Measuring chamber volume                              |                       | cm <sup>3</sup> | 12                          | 36     | 100    | 330                           | 1200   |  |
| Safety filter mesh size                               |                       | mm              | 0.400                       | 0.400  | 0.400  | 0.800                         | 0.800  |  |
| Weight with threaded ends <sup>3)</sup>               |                       | kg              | 2.2                         | 2.5    | 4.2    | 17.3                          | -      |  |
| Weight with flanges PN 25                             |                       | kg              | 3.8                         | 4.5    | 7.5    | 20.3                          | 41.0   |  |
| Weight with flanges PN 40                             |                       | kg              | 4.4                         | 5.5    | 7.8    | 20.5                          | 42.0   |  |

1) Manufacturer's specification, valid for the reference conditions as specified under reference conditions.

2) For burners and engines or motors, the fuel oil meter must be selected on the basis of the permanent flow rate. For higher viscosities, or if the meter is installed on the suction side, the pressure drop and any reduction in the measuring range must be taken into consideration.

3) Weight without couplings.

| Hydraulic Material         |                                     | Meter DN (mm) size |    |    |    |    |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| Part                       | Material                            | 15                 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 50 |  |  |  |
| Housing with threaded ends | Cast Brass                          | ∢⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ |    |    |  |  |  |
|                            | Spheroidal graphite iron GJS 400-15 |                    |    |    | ∢⊳ |    |  |  |  |
| Housing with flanged ends  | Spheroidal graphite iron GJS 400-15 | ⊲⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ⊲⊳ |  |  |  |
| Measuring chamber PN 16/25 | Cast Brass                          | ∢⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ |    |  |  |  |
|                            | Alu-Bronze                          |                    |    |    |    | ⊲⊳ |  |  |  |
| Measuring chamber PN 40    | Stainless steel                     | ⊲⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ⊲⊳ |  |  |  |
| Seals                      | FPM fluorelastomer                  | ∢⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ⊲⊳ |  |  |  |
| Rotary piston              | Anodized aluminium                  | ⊲⊳                 | ⊲⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | d٢ |  |  |  |
| Ancillaries                | Plastic                             | ⊲⊳                 | ⊲⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | d٢ |  |  |  |
| Housing finish             | Enameled red, RAL 3013              | ∢⊳                 | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ∢⊳ | ⊲⊳ |  |  |  |



### Technical data CONTOIL® VZF/A II Electronic display





| Electronic display                         |                                     |                          | Meter                       | DN size      |         |                               |    |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|----|
| Nominal diameter                           |                                     | DN mm                    | 15                          | 20           | 25      | 40                            | 50 |
|  |                                     | inch                     | <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 3/4          | 1       | 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 2  |
| Max. medium temperature                    | T <sub>max</sub>                    | °C                       | 130, 18                     | 0            |         |                               |    |
| Max. environment temperature               |                                     | °C                       | -25 to +                    | 70           |         |                               |    |
| Max. storage temperature                   |                                     | °C                       | -25 to +                    | 85           |         |                               |    |
| Max. storage humidity                      | rh <sub>max</sub>                   | % rh                     | 95, non                     | condensing   | I       |                               |    |
| Protection class                           |                                     |                          | IP 66 / IF                  | - 68 / IP 69 |         |                               |    |
| Total volume / mass                        |                                     | l, m³, G¹),<br>kg, t, lb | max. 3 c                    | decimals (dy | vnamic) |                               |    |
| Resettable volume / mass                   |                                     | l, m³, G¹),<br>kg, t, lb | max. 3 c                    | decimals (dy | namic)  |                               |    |
| Flow rate                                  |                                     |                          | max. 3 c                    | decimals (dy | namic)  |                               |    |
| Smallest readable amount                   |                                     |                          | 0.001                       |              |         |                               |    |
| Maximum registration capacity              |                                     |                          | 8 digits                    |              |         |                               |    |
| Registration time until overrun to zero at | Q <sub>cont</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> ) |                          | >100 ye                     | ars          |         |                               |    |

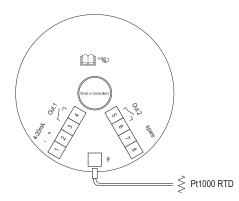
| Outputs                                     |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 3 (2 pulse / frequency, 1 analog 4 - 20 mA) |   | freely selectable, totally independent of each other                               |
| Pulse value totalizer                       |   | volume or mass pulse 0 - 200 pulse/sec. (50 % duty cycle)                          |
| Current 4 - 20 mA                           |   | volume flow, mass flow or temperature signal                                       |
| Frequency                                   | Qmin, Qmax                                | volume flow, mass flow or temperatur minimum, maximum and hysteresis parameterized |
| Limit switch                                | QLim <sub>max</sub> , QLim <sub>min</sub> | allows you to set an alert whenever predefined flow rates are exceeded (NC / NO)   |
| State switch                                | Alarm, Error                              | state and on/off parameterized (NC / NO)   |



| Electronic                      |     |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|--|
| Supply voltage                  | VDC | 6 - 30   |
| Quiescent current zero          | mA  | 4  |
| Relais output                   |     |  |
| Solid state relay (out1 & out2) |     |  |
| Resistance ON                   | Ω   | ≤40  |
| Resistance OFF                  | MΩ  | ≥10  |
| Max. Supplay voltage            | VDC | ≤48  |
| Switching current               | mA  | ≤50  |
| Pulse width                     | ms  | 2 - 500 (dynamic)  |
| Pulse frequency                 | Hz  | 0 - 200  |
| Current output                  |     |  |
| Analog output                   | mA  | 4 - 20 passive   |
| Resolution                      | bit | 16   |
| Max. error                      | mA  | ±0.2   |
| Update interval                 | S   | <0.1 s   |
| Maximum Load (RL)               | ohm | 0 to 1116, depending on external supply voltage of the<br>power supply unit U-6<br>$\qquad \qquad $ |

1) 1 US gallon corresponds to 3.785 liters.

### Electronic counter CONTOIL® VZF/A II



- 1+2 Power supply / output current loop (passive)
- 3 + 4 Output 1 (passive)
- 5 + 6 Output 2 (passive)
- 7 + 8 Spare
- 9 Temperature sensor Pt1000

 $\label{eq:wirestard} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Wire size for terminal 1 - 6 is:} \\ \mbox{0.75 - 1.5 } \mbox{mm}^2 \slash 20 \slash 20 \slash 40 \mbox{G} \end{array}$ 

#### Factory setting of outputs

Output 1:Volume pulses: 50 ms, 1 ltr/pulse (exception: DN 15 is set to 0.1 ltr/pulse)Output 2:Volume pulses: 50 ms, 1 ltr/pulse (exception: DN 15 is set to 0.1 ltr/pulse)Analog:Disabled (off)

#### **Engineering notes**

The maximum frequency is calculated with the following formula:

max. flow rate in litres/hour

= frequency in Hz ≤200 Hz

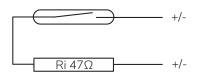
### Technical data CONTOIL® VZO/A Mechanical display



| Mechanical display                         |                                     |                | Meter DN size |       |       |                               |        |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Nominal diameter                           |                                     | DN mm          | 15            | 20    | 25    | 40                            | 50     |
|  |                                     | inch           | 1/2           | 3/4   | 1     | 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 2      |
| Smallest readable amount                   |                                     | I              | 0.01          | 0.1   | 0.1   | 0.1                           | 1      |
| Maximum registration capacity              |                                     | m <sup>3</sup> | 1000          | 10000 | 10000 | 10000                         | 100000 |
| Registration time until overrun to zero at | Q <sub>cont</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> ) | h              | 2500          | 10000 | 5000  | 1667                          | 5000   |

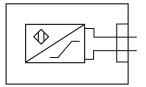
| Ambient temperature          | °C      | -10 to +70 |            |               |               |                       |
|------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| •                            | C       |            |            |               |               |                       |
| Switching element            |         | Reed cor   | ILACL      |               |               |                       |
| Switching voltage max.       | VDC/VAC | 48         |            |               |               |                       |
| Switching current max.       | mA      | 50 (Ri 47  | ′Ω/0.5W)   |               |               |                       |
| Static current               |         | open con   | itact      |               |               |                       |
| Switching power max.         | W       | 2          |            |               |               |                       |
| On-time                      | %       | 50 +/-10 % |            |               |               |                       |
| RV Reed                      |         | DN 15      | DN 20      | DN 25         | DN 40         | DN 50                 |
|                              | l/pulse | 0.1        | 1          | 1             | 1             | 10                    |
|                              | l/pulse | 1          | -          | -             | 10            | 100                   |
| Pulse value                  |         | see type   | plate      |               |               |                       |
| Protection class             |         | IP 65      |            |               |               |                       |
| Connection                   |         | Permane    | nt mounted | cable, 3 m lo | ong, 2 x 0.14 | mm <sup>2</sup> cross |
|                              |         | section    |            |               |               |                       |
| No Ex installation possible! |         |            |            |               |               |                       |

### Functional diagramm reed pulser



| Supply voltage VDC                   |      |         |                     |  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------|---------|---------------------|--|------------|-------------|-------|--|--|--|
|                                      |      |         |                     | 5 - 25   |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Nominal voltage                      |      | VDC     | 8.2 (Ri ap          | prox. 1 kΩ)  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature                  |      | °C      | -10 to +7           | 0  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Protection class                     |      |         | IP 65               |  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Switching element                    |      |         | Slot initia         | tor acc. to IE   | C 60947-5- | 6 (IN - NAM | UR)   |  |  |  |
| Switching frequency                  |      | Hz      | 0 to 3000           | )  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Residual ripple                      |      |         | <5 %                | <5 %   |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Switching current mA                 |      |         | ≥3 (at 8.2 V, 1 kΩ) |  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Static current zero                  |      | mA      | ≤1 (at 8.2          | ≤1 (at 8.2 V, 1 kΩ)  |            |             |       |  |  |  |
| Pulse values for remote transmitter  |      |         | DN 15               | DN 20  | DN 25      | DN 40       | DN 50 |  |  |  |
| IN (NAMUR) inductive (IEC 60947-5-6) |      | l/pulse | 0.01                | 0.01   | 0.1        | 0.1         | 1     |  |  |  |
| Pulse frequency IN                   | Qmax | Hz      | 16.667              | 41.667   | 8.333      | 25.000      | 8.333 |  |  |  |
|                                      | Qmax | Hz      | 0.278               | 0.833  | 0.208      | 0.625       | 0.208 |  |  |  |
| Connection                           |      |         | Connectio           | Connection cable min. 2 x 0.35 mm <sup>2</sup> and 5.5 - 13 mi |            |             |       |  |  |  |
|                                      |      |         | external o          | external cable diameter on plug                                |            |             |       |  |  |  |
|                                      |      |         |                     | (Prefabricated cable available)                                |            |             |       |  |  |  |

### Functional diagramm inductive sensor



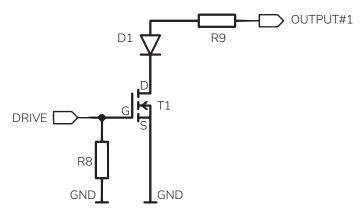
### Technical data CONTOIL® DFM blind



| DFM blind unit   |       | Mete | Meter DN size |  |  |
|------------------|-------|------|---------------|--|--|
| Nominal diameter | DN mm | 20   | 25            |  |  |
|                  | inch  | 3/4  | 1             |  |  |

| Electronic             |         |                     |
|------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| Supply voltage         | VDC     | 6 - 32              |
| Operating temperature  | °C      | -20 to +80          |
| Storage temperature    | °C      | -40 to +125         |
| Switching element      |         | open drain          |
| Supply voltage         | VDC     | 12/24 board systems |
| Switching voltage      | VDC/VAC | 48                  |
| Switching current max. | mA      | 50                  |
| Pulse value            |         | see type plate      |
| Pulse width            | ms      | 20                  |
| Protection class       |         | IP 66               |

### Functional diagramm passive output





### **Options for CONTOIL®**

### Pairing

If the application consists of a differential measurement (supply and return), the CONTOIL® VZFA II or VZOA can be paired with higher accuracy.

The flow is measured in the supply and return line pipes. The difference between the two measurements is regarded as the consumption.

To obtain optimal measurement results, CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZFA II or VZOA fuel oil meters are calibrated in pairs, they are adapted precisely to the plant/system operating conditions. The flow rate occurring in each meter, the permissible pressure drop and the viscosity of the fluid must all be considered during the design phase.

The pairing range of the fuel oil meters is obtained as follows: Flow in supply section less maximum consumption = flow in return section.

When the order is placed, the following additional information is required:flow rate in supply sectione. g. fixed pumping rate 200 l/hflow rate in return sectione. g. 120 - 190 l/h (consumption of 10 - 80 l/h)

The meters are marked "supply" and "return" during calibration and final testing in the factory. They must then be installed in the designated location. For further information on the subject of differential measurement, see the section "Project planning notes".

### Linearization

The CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZFA II can be linearized to achieve an even better accuracy of  $\pm 0.3$  % across the full measuring range (Qmin - Qmax). During this calibration process the flow meter is being tested across the full range with a maximunm of 15 measuring points and than linearized and tested.

### **Reference conditions**

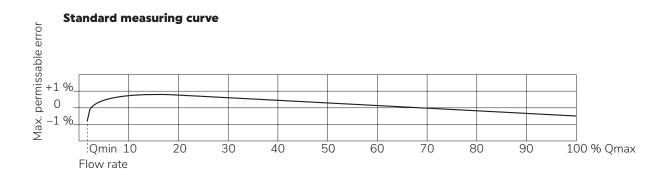
Measuring error limits according to technical data of meter in % of actual value for the whole measuring range.

Calibration medium: Calibration oil is similar to extra light heating oil, density at 20 °C = 814 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Viscosity =  $5.0 \text{ mm}^2$ /s according to DIN 51757 / ISO 3104 (corresponds to 4.1 mPas)

Temperature: 18 - 25 °C

Horizontal mounting, readings from counter.

CONTOIL® oil meters are never to be tested with water, otherwise they will get damaged.



### Technical data CONTOIL® DN 15 - 50 VZFA II CE and VZOA CE





| Hydraulic                                      |                   |                 | Meter D                     | N size    |        |                               |        |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Nominal diameter                               |                   | DN mm           | 15                          | 20        | 25     | 40                            | 50     |
|  |                   | inch            | <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 3/4       | 1      | 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> | 2      |
| Installation length                            |                   | mm              | 165                         | 165       | 190    | 300                           | 350    |
| Nominal pressure threaded ends                 | PN                | bar             | 16                          | 16        | 16     | 16                            | N/A    |
| Nominal pressure flanges                       | PN                | bar             | 25                          | 25        | 25     | 25                            | 25     |
| Max. medium temperature                        | Tmax              | °C              | 130                         |           |        |                               |        |
| Max. environment temperature                   |                   | °C              | -25 to +7                   | 0         |        |                               |        |
| Max. storage temperature                       |                   | °C              | -25 to +8                   | 5         |        |                               |        |
| Max. storage humidity                          | rh <sub>max</sub> | % rh            | 95, non co                  | ondensing |        |                               |        |
| Maximum flow rate                              | Qmax              | l/h             | 400                         | 1000      | 2000   | 6000                          | 20000  |
| Minimum flow rate                              | Qmin              | l/h             | 40                          | 100       | 200    | 600                           | 2000   |
| Minimum measured volume                        | Vmin              | I               | 2                           | 20        | 20     | 20                            | 200    |
| Max. permissible error of acutal value $^{1)}$ | VZFA II CE,       | VZOA CE         | ±0.3 %                      | ±0.3 %    | ±0.3 % | ±0.3 %                        | ±0.3 % |
| Accuracy class                                 |                   |                 | 0.5                         | 0.5       | 0.5    | 0.5                           | 0.5    |
| Minimal measured quantity (MMQ)                | L                 | VZFA II CE      | 6                           | 18        | 50     | 160                           | 600    |
|  |                   | VZOA CE         | 2                           | 20        | 20     | 20                            | 200    |
| Measuring chamber volume                       |                   | cm <sup>3</sup> | 12                          | 36        | 100    | 330                           | 1200   |
| Safety filter mesh size                        |                   | mm              | 0.400                       | 0.400     | 0.400  | 0.800                         | 0.800  |
| Weight with threaded ends <sup>2)</sup>        |                   | kg              | 2.2                         | 2.5       | 4.2    | 17.3                          | _      |
| Weight with flanges PN 25                      |                   | kg              | 3.8                         | 4.5       | 7.5    | 20.3                          | 41.0   |

1) Manufacturer's specification, valid for the reference conditions as specified under reference conditions.

2) Weight without couplings.

The hydraulic material is described in detail on pages 12 and 13. Mechanical and electronic display units are available as described previously.

### Versions with type approval or calibration verification

These fuel oil meters bear the test number for the metrological type test certificate in accordance with directive MID 2014/32/EU and the metrological CE mark and are therefore suitable for custody transfer. For custody transfer, the meters can only be used for direct consumption measurement and has to be installed between fixed pipes.

The measurement result can be transferred to external meters by means of pulse transmitters or pulse outputs. The transferred measurement result is not in line with the directive 2014/32/EU and cannot be used as a legally displayed result. Only the local display of the flow meter is valid for custody transfer.

### Area of use

The CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> flow meter with MID approval is used almost exclusively where the measured liquid (heating oil, diesel) goes directly to the consumer (heating system, burner). Other applications than the described in Project Planning Notes, must be checked and approved by the local authorities. In accordance and compliance with the applicable norms for custody transfer, CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> fuel oil meters with MID approval can be used.

### Responsibility

Installation, operation, maintenance and decommissioning of this device must be carried out by trained, qualified specialists, authorized by the manufacturer, operator or owner of the facility.



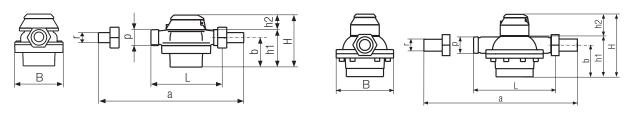
### **Dimensional drawings**

### All fuel oil meters with threaded ends are according to ISO 228-1.

DN 15, 20, 25: with threaded ends

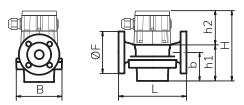
DN 40: with threaded ends

DN 40, 50: with flanges

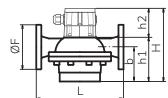


### All fuel oil meters with flanges are compatable to EN 1092-2, ASME B16.5 or JIS B2239.

DN 15, 20, 25: with flanges







| Nominal size | L   | В   | a*  | Ø F | b   | h1  | р                    | r                    |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|----------------------|
| DN 15        | 165 | 105 | 240 | 95  | 45  | 65  | G <sup>3</sup> /4"   | G 1/2"               |
| DN 20        | 165 | 105 | 260 | 105 | 54  | 74  | G 1"                 | G <sup>3</sup> /4"   |
| DN 25        | 190 | 130 | 305 | 115 | 77  | 101 | G 1 <sup>1</sup> /4" | G 1"                 |
| DN 40        | 300 | 210 | 435 | 150 | 116 | 153 | G 2"                 | G 1 <sup>1</sup> /2" |
| DN 50        | 350 | 280 | -   | 165 | 166 | 209 | -                    | -                    |

Dimensions in mm

a\* = without gaskets (2x ~2 mm)

h2 is explained on next page

H = h1 + h2





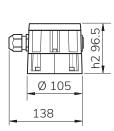
### Dimensions of display and pulse units

2

6

| Sensor (h2)         | VZF(A) II 15 - 50 | vzo   | )(A) 15 - | 50 |       |    |    |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------|-----------|----|-------|----|----|
| Max. temperature    | 130/180 °C        | 130 ° | °C        |    | 180 ° | °C |    |
| Pulsers             | all               | -     | RV        | IN | -     | RV | IN |
| Dimensional drawing | 1                 | 2     | 3         | 6  | 5     | 4  | 7  |

3







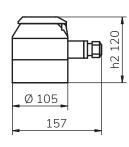


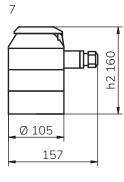
4

5

1

Ø 105

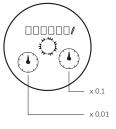




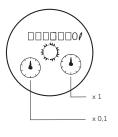
VZF II / VZFA II



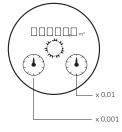
VZO/VZOA 15

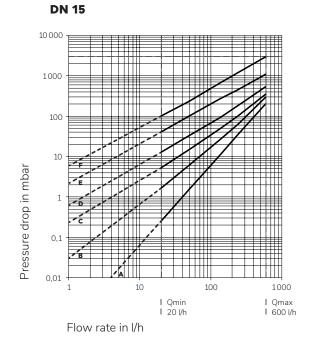


VZO / VZOA 20, 25, 40



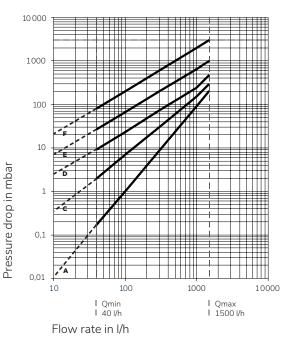




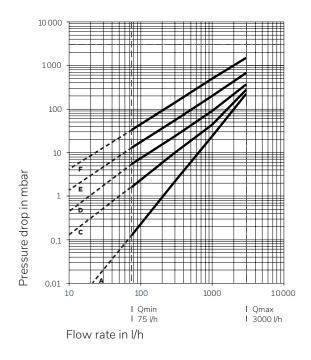


### Pressure drop curves

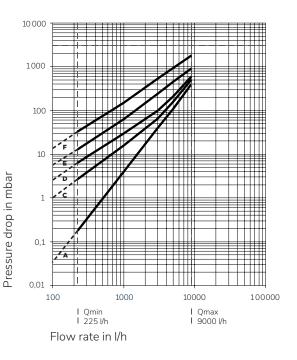
DN 20

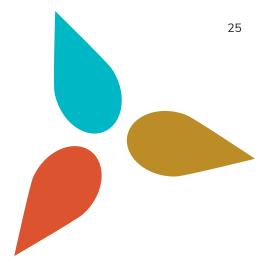


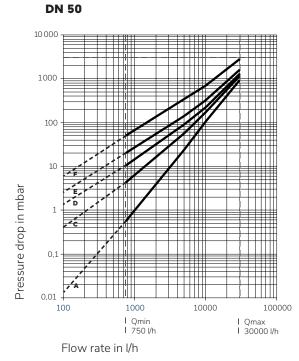
DN 25



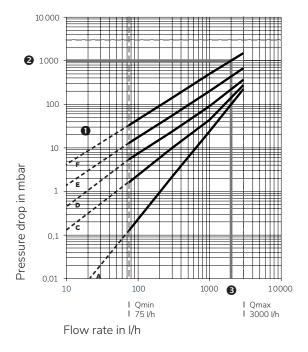
**DN 40** 







### Example



Mineral oil, viscosity 450 mPas VZO 25 mounted on pressure side of pumps

- Viscosity curves DN 25 select closest curve
   F = 500 mPas
- Assume max. permissible pressure drop = 1 bar
- The intersection of curve F with the line corresponding to 1bar gives a flow rate of 2000 l/h.

### **Viscosity diagrams:**

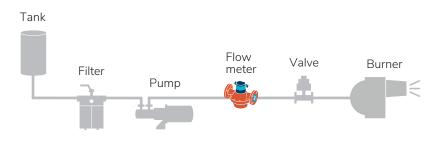
- A = 5 mPas
- B = 25 mPas
- C = 50 mPas
- D = 100 mPas
- E = 200 mPas
- F = 500 mPas

For a pressure drop of more than 1 bar, it is recommended to use the next larger meter size.

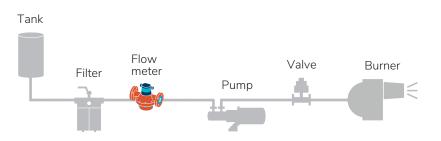
## PROJECT PLANNING NOTES

### **Project Application - Burner**

### Mounting on pressure side of pump



### Mounting on suction side of pump



### Indicative values on power for burners

| Burner   |                   |        | Flow meter  |                  |
|----------|-------------------|--------|---|------------------|
| Power    | Flow rate heating | g fuel | Flow rate<br>Q <sub>min</sub> - Q <sub>cont</sub> | Nominal diameter |
| up to kW | kg/h              | l/h    | l/h   | DN               |
| 4000     | 336               | 400    | 10 - 400  | 15               |
| 10000    | 840               | 1000   | 30 - 1000   | 20               |
| 20000    | 1680              | 2000   | 75 - 2000   | 25               |
| 60000    | 5040              | 6000   | 225 - 6000  | 40               |
| 200000   | 16800             | 20000  | 750 - 20000                                       | 50               |

Burner power in kW

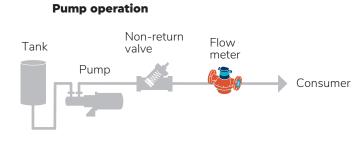
4000 kW

Energy value of fuel in kWh/kg x density in kg/dm<sup>3</sup>

11.8 kWh/kg x 0.84 kg/dm $^3$ 

— = 4000 : 9.912 = 403 l/h

### **Project Application - CE Approval**



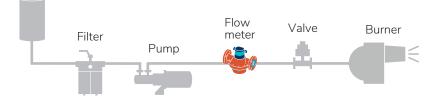
### Hydrostatic operation

Tank



### Burner

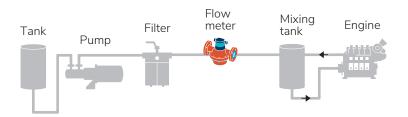
Tank



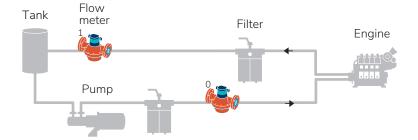


### **Project Application - Engine**

### **Direct measurement**



**Differential measurement** 



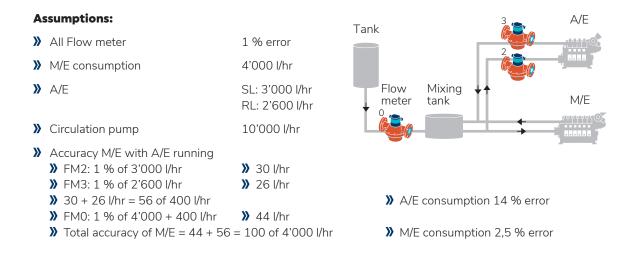
### Indicative values on power for engines

| Engine   |                    |        | Flow meter <sup>1</sup> ) |                  |  |
|----------|--------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| Power    | Diesel fuel consur | nption | Flow rate<br>Qmin - Qcont | Nominal diameter |  |
| up to PS | up to kW           | l/h    | l/h                       | DN               |  |
| 2000     | 1470               | 400    | 20 - 400                  | 15               |  |
| 5000     | 3680               | 1000   | 40 - 1000                 | 20               |  |
| 10000    | 7360               | 2000   | 75 - 2000                 | 25               |  |
| 30000    | 22000              | 6000   | 225 - 6000                | 40               |  |
| 100000   | 73600              | 20000  | 750 - 20000               | 50               |  |

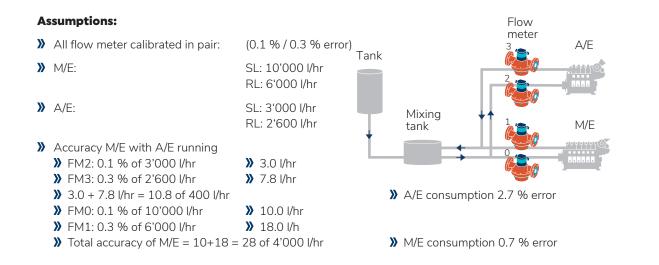
1) For differential measurement the flow meter has to be selected according to the pump flow rate and the flow in the return pipe.

| Formula:       | 1 DIN-PS = 0.736 kW<br>1 kW = 1.36 DIN-PS | 1 kg Diesel at 0.84 kg/dm³ = 1.19 l                                   |
|----------------|---|---|
| Rule of thumb: | 11 5                                      | h correspond to 0.226 I Diesel/kWh<br>correspond to 0.167 I Diesel/PS |

## Sample calculation\* with direct and differential measurement



### Sample calculation\* with 2x differential measurement



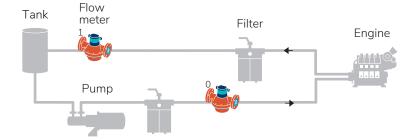
\* These are theoretical calculated values!



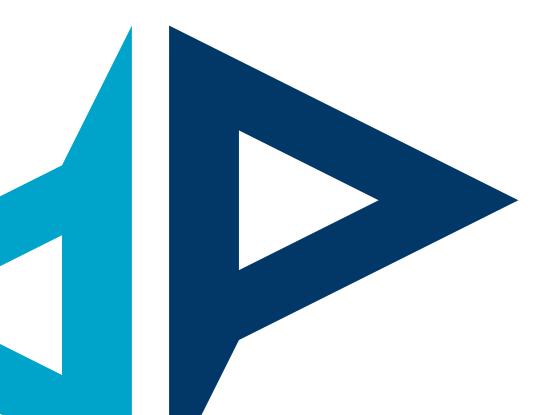
## Sample calculation\* for differential measurement - standard vs paired flow meters

### **Assumptions:**

- Standard calibration 1 % error (CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZF II):
  - ✗ Supply (FM0) 10'000 l/h ±1 % = ±100 l/h
  - ✗ Return (FM1) 10'000 l/h ±1 % = ±100 l/h
  - >> Max. difference 2 % = 200 l/h
- Pair calibration 0.1 % + 0.3 % error (CONTOIL® VZFA II):
   Supply (FM0) 10'000 l/h ± 0.1 % = ±10 l/h
   Return (FM1) 10'000 l/h ± 0.3 % = ±30 l/h
   Max. difference 0.4 % = 40 l/h



\* These are theoretical calculated values!



### **Negative influencing factors**

List of factors which can influence the performance of the flow meter negatively:

| Medium            | Mechanical                             |
|-------------------|--|
| » Seawater        | Pulsating pressure                     |
| » Acid            | ➤ Cat fines                            |
| Cleaning products | >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>> |

Specification
>> Dimension too big / too small

Over temperature

After any modification of the pipe system the system has to be cleaned / flushed **without** the flow meter installed to prevent any damage to the flow meter from any debris.

### **Temperature compensation**

The installation of temperature sensors at the flow meter positions is absolutely essential, without temperature compensation of the flow meter data, the error in the measurement can become extremely large, depending on the process conditions. As a rule of thumb we assume almost 1 % volume difference for each 10 °C temperature difference. (Usually there is a temperature difference between the oil in the supply line and in the return line.)

### **Density compensation**

If fuel oil consumption in mass needs to be compared instead of volume, it is important to know that the mass is changing with the density, which itself is changing with the temperature. To obtain most precise measurement results, it is recommended to measure the online density on board. If there is no sensor available, you have to use the density which is given in each bunkering report and calculate volume values at different temperatures back to the corresponding mass values. However there are differences in HFO quality across the world and you should consider that the density mentioned on the bunkering report refers to the required specification.

The CONTOIL<sup>®</sup> VZF II is able to calculate the mass flow with a given density, adjusted by the measured medium temperature built in the flow meter.

These calculations are done according to DIN 51757.



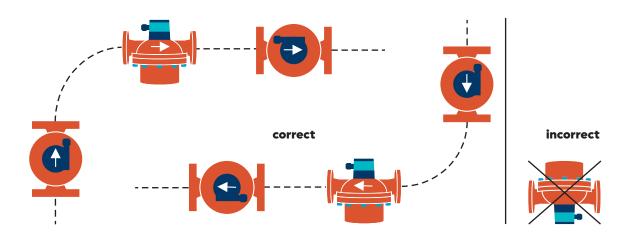
# **INSTALLATION**

### Flow meter installation

Identify the flowmeter and ensure that the flowmeter is suitable for the intended process and conditions. Easy access for reading the flow meter and controlling the ancillary equipment is important. Provided that the arrow on the housing is in the direction of flow, the flow meter can be installed in any position without any special modifications. The electronic display unit is rotatable in 90° steps to the installed position.

### Exception: upside down installation!

Flow conditioners are not required.



#### **Correct layout of flow meter and accessories**

If the flow meter is used for viscosities higher than 5 mPas, or if it is mounted on the suction side of a pump, the pressure loss and the flow rate that can still be attained should be determined with the help of the pressure loss curves provided in this document. In addition, the pressure loss due to installed filters must be taken into consideration.

Select the flow meter and ancillaries according to the working conditions listed below:

- Flow rate (max. expected application flow rate = < max. continuous flow rate of flow meter Q<sub>cont</sub>)
- Material compatibility with medium
- > Operating pressure
- >>> Operating temperature
- Ambient temperature
- >> The fuel oil meters must be selected according to the max. application flow rate (pump max.) and not according to the pipe diameter. If necessary, adapt the pipework.

Pulsations at the flow meter shall be avoided to ensure a trouble free operation of the instrument.

#### Dirt filter, safety filter

Filters are any way required in the system to protect engines and pumps to keep their performance and life time. For fuel oil meters this is no different - that's why we recommend installing the fuel oil meters (in flow direction) always directly after the filter. Some particles in the fuel are also from engine's wear and tear, that's why we also recommend a filter in the fuel return line. Usually basket type filters are best choice for the return line and automatic filters in the supply line. Major engine producers recommend a mesh size of 5 - 10  $\mu$ m (automatic filters), especially to filter out very abrasive cat fines. It is best for the flow meter to install it between this automatic filter and the engine. The maximum filter mesh size for a respective meter can be found in below table.

Examples of filter:

| Maximum mesh width for filters |                 |              |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Nominal diameter               | Flow meter type |              |  |  |
|                                | VZO/VZF II      | VZOA/VZFA II |  |  |
| DN 15                          | 0.250 mm        | 0.100 mm     |  |  |
| DN 20                          | 0.400 mm        | 0.100 mm     |  |  |
| DN 25                          | 0.400 mm        | 0.250 mm     |  |  |
| DN 40                          | 0.600 mm        | 0.250 mm     |  |  |
| DN 50                          | 0.600 mm        | 0.250 mm     |  |  |

>> The filter mounted in the meter inlet is only a safety filter and is too small to act as a dirt filter.

#### **Pulsation dampers**

Engines and pumps can cause pressure peaks, which are transmitted throughout the whole fuel piping system and can cause damage to all parts in the system like filters, the viscosity control system, pumps themselves as well as the fuel oil meters. It is recommended to install "pressure pulsation dampers" directly after the device, which is generating such pressure peaks (usually after the pump and after the engine).

#### **Pressure Loss**

For the dimensioning of oil meters not only the flow rate, but also the pressure loss is important. All components in the fuel piping system and the piping layout itself cause a pressure loss. In general a higher flow and a higher viscosity cause a higher pressure loss over the flow meter. Piping bends, valves, reduction of pipes, as well as strainers and fuel oil meters do also have a pressure loss, which must be taken into account when dimensioning the fuel supply system. Please check the pressure drop at each flow meter with the help of the pressure drop curves. For a pressure drop of more than 1 bar, it is recommended to use the next larger flow meter size.

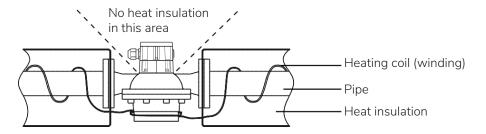
>>>> Ideally the fuel oil meters are installed on the pressure side of the pump.

If the fuel oil meters are on the suction side of the pump there is under pressure, which can cause out-gassing of the oil (1 % gas in the oil causes 1 % measurement failure).

Depending on the viscosity of the oil it is adviced to check the pressure loss and decide if there is still enough pressure after the flow meter.

### **Heat insulation**

The electronic counter shall not be insulated. This could cause its permitted temperature range to be exceeded.

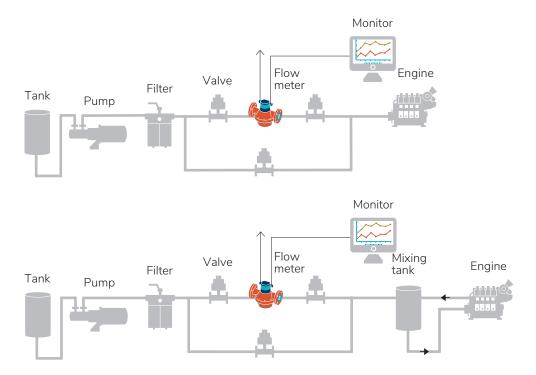


The permitted temperature ranges for the flow meter must be observed.



### **Special requirements - ships**

On ships, attention is required to ensure that the engine can continue to operate at full power even if there is heavy filter contamination or if the flow meter requires maintenance. A pressure switch or a manual valve can be used to switch over to the bypass and to draw attention for servicing. The engine then continues to operate without consumption measurements.

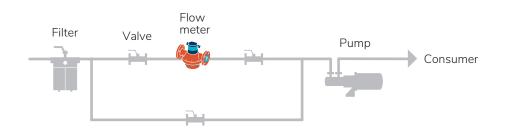


>> Ship classification societies require the installation of bypass pipes. The relevant regulations must be followed.

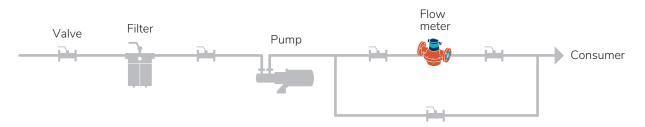


### Installation of the flow meter on the suction side of a pump

If the flow meter is installed on the suction side of a pump, consideration must be given to avoid air-intake or foam.

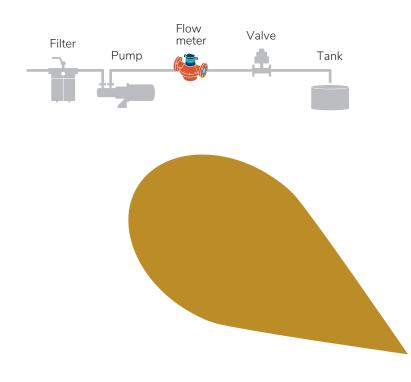


### Installation of the flow meter on the pressure side of a pump



### Special requirements - filling and dosing units

For filling and dosing, the valve must be fitted between flow meter and discharge. The shorter the pipe section between valve and discharge, the higher the accuracy. Avoid water hammer if fast closing valve is installed.





## WARRANTY, SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

### **Warranty Disclaimer**

Aquametro Oil & Marine guarantees the quality of the product in the context of its General Terms of Business. The owner, operator or installer will be liable for the correct installation as well as the appropriate handling of the equipment upon its receipt.

- >>> Please observe the application, mounting and operating instructions.
- >>> Use the unit exclusively for its designed purpose.
- Maintain the unit and service it according to prescriptions.
- >>> Use accessories only if their applicability is technically safe.

#### Safety rules and precautionary measures

The manufacturer accepts no responsibility if the following safety rules and precautions are disregarded.

- Modifications of the device implemented without preceding written consent from the manufacturer, will result in the immediate termination of product liability and warranty period.
- Installation, operation, maintenance and decommissioning of this device must be carried out by trained, qualified specialists, authorized by the manufacturer, operator or owner of the facility. The specialist must have read and understood these mounting and operating instructions and must follow the instructions here in.
- >> Check all connections, settings and technical specifications of peripherals which may be present.
- Open the housing or parts of housings, which electric or electronic components included, only when the electric power is turned off.
- >>> Do not touch any electronic components (ESD sensitivity).
- Expose the system with respect to the mechanical load (pressure, temperature, IP protection, etc.), only to a maximum of the specified classifications.
- During operations that involve mechanical components of the system, release the pressure in the pipe system or reduce the temperature of the medium to a safe level for humans.
- None of the information stated here or elsewhere releases planners, installers and operators from their own careful and comprehensive assessment of the respective system configuration in terms of functional capability and operational safety.
- >> The local labour and safety laws and regulations must be observed.



Det Norske Veritas - German Lloyd Norway - Germany



Lloyds Register United Kingdom



RRR Russian River Register



RMRS Russian Maritime Register of Shipping











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